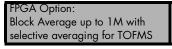


M5i.33xx-x16 high performance 12 bit digitizer with 10 GS/s

- Up to 10 GS/s on one or 5 GS/s on two channels
- Versions with 10 GS/s, 6.4 GS/s and 3.2 GS/s
- Up to 3 GHz signal bandwidth
- Ultra Fast PCI Express x16 Gen3 interface
- Streaming Speed up to 12.8 GByte/s (6.4 GS/s)
- 4 input ranges: ±200 mV up to ±2.5 V
- 2 GSamples (4 GByte) on-board memory
- 8 GSamples (16 GByte) optional on-board memory
- Features: Single-Shot, Streaming, Multiple Recording,
 Timestamps, optional Average (Standard and Threshold defined)
- Direct data transfer to CUDA GPU using SCAPP option

Speed	SNR	ENOB
10.0 GS/s	52.3 dB	8.3 ENOB
6.4 GS/s	54.0 dB	8.7 ENOB
3.2 GS/s	54.5 dB	8.8 ENOB









- PCle x16 Gen 3 Interface
- Sustained streaming mode up to 12.8 GByte/s**
- Included advanced cooling with dual cooling fans for proper airflow

Operating Systems

- Windows 7 (SP1), 8, 10, 11
 Server 2008 R2 and newer
- Linux Kernel 3.x, 4.x, 5.x, 6.x
- Windows/Linux 32 and 64 bit

Recommended Software

- Visual C++, Delphi, GNU C++, VB.NET, C#, Java, Python, Julia
- SBench 6

Drivers

- MATLAB
- LabVIEW
- IVI

Model	Resolution	1 channel	2 channels	Bandwidth
M5i.3357-x16	12 Bit	10 GS/s	5.0 GS/s	3 GHz
M5i.3350-x16	12 Bit	10 GS/s		3 GHz
M5i.3337-x16	12 Bit	6.4 GS/s	3.2 GS/s	2 GHz
M5i.3330-x16	12 Bit	6.4 GS/s	-	2 GHz
M5i.3321-x16	12 Bit	3.2 GS/s	3.2 GS/s	1 GHz

General Information

The high-performance M5i.33xx series gives outstanding performance with the combination of high resolution, high samplingrate, high bandwidth and the world fastest streaming speed for Digitizers. On selected systems the card can stream continuously one channel with 6.4 GS/s and 12 bit resolution to CPU or GPU. The M5i series is based on the common API from Spectrum and uses the same software interface like all Spectrum products released since 2005.

^{*}Some x16 PCIe slots are for the use of graphic cards only and can't be used for other cards.**Throughput measured with a PCIe root complex supporting a TLP size of 512 bytes.

Software Support

Windows drivers

The cards are delivered with drivers for Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10 and Windows 11 (each 32 bit and 64 bit). Programming examples for Visual C++, Delphi, Visual Basic, VB.NET, C#, Python, Java, Julia and IVI are included.

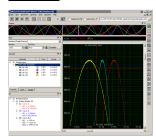
Linux Drivers



All cards are delivered with full Linux support. Pre compiled kernel modules are included for the most common distributions like Fedora, Suse, Ubuntu LTS or Debian. The Linux support includes SMP systems, 32 bit and 64 bit systems, versatile programming examples for GNU C++,

Python and Julia, as well as the possibility to get the kernel driver sources for your own compilation.

SBench 6



A base license of SBench 6, the easy-to-use graphical operating software for Spectrum cards, is included in the delivery. The base license makes it is possible to test the card, display acquired data and make some basic measurements. It's a valuable tool for checking the card's performance and assisting with the unit's initial

setup. The cards also come with a demo license for the SBench 6 professional version. This license gives the user the opportunity to test the additional features of the professional version with their hardware. The professional version contains several advanced measurement functions, such as FFTs and X/Y display, import and export utilities as well as support for all acquisition modes including data streaming. Data streaming allows the cards to continuously acquire data and transfer it directly to the PC RAM or hard disk. SBench 6 has been optimized to handle data files of several GBytes. SBench 6 runs under Windows as well as Linux (KDE, GNOME and Unity) operating systems. A test version of SBench 6 can be downloaded directly over the internet and can run the professional version in a simulation mode without any hardware installed. Existing customers can also request a demo license for the professional version from Spectrum. More details on SBench 6 can be found in the SBench 6 data sheet.

Third-party products

Spectrum supports the most popular third-party software products such as LabVIEW or MATLAB. All drivers come with detailed documentation and working examples are included in the delivery.

SCAPP - CUDA GPU based data processing



For applications requiring high performance signal and data processing Spectrum offers SCAPP (Spectrum's CUDA Access for Parallel Processing). The SCAPP SDK allows a direct link between Spectrum digitizers, AWGs or Digital Data Acquisition

Cards and CUDA based GPU cards. Once in the GPU users can harness the processing power of the GPU's multiple (up to 10000) processing cores and large (up to 48 GB) memories. SCAPP uses an RDMA (Linux only) process to send data at the full PCle transfer speed to and from the GPU card. The SDK includes a set of examples for interaction between the Spectrum card and the GPU card and another set of CUDA parallel processing examples with easy building blocks for basic functions like filtering, averaging, data demultiplexing, data conversion or FFT. All the software is based on

C/C++ and can easily be implemented, expanded and modified with normal programming skills.

Hardware features and options

PCI Express x16



The M5i series cards use a PCI Express x16 Gen 3 connection. They can be used in PCI Express x16 slots with hosts supporting Gen1, Gen2, Gen3 or Gen4.

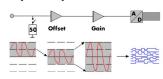
Gen3 or Gen4 is needed to get full performance. The maximum sustained data transfer rate is more than 12.8 GByte/s per slot on systems with a PCle payload size of 512. Physically supported slots that are electrically connected with less lanes can also be used with the M5i series cards, but with reduced data transfer rates.

Connections

The cards are equipped with SMA connectors for the analog signals as well as for clock input and output, trigger input and four multi-function I/O connectors (X0, X1, X2, X3). These multi-function connectors can be individually programmed to perform different functions:

- Trigger output
- Status output (armed, triggered, ready, ...)
- Synchronous digital inputs, being stored inside the analog data samples
- Asynchronous I/O lines
- Logic trigger inputs

Input Amplifier



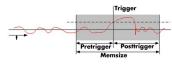
The analog inputs can be adapted to real world signals using a wide variety of settings that are individual for each channel. By using software commands one can select a matching input

range and the signal offset can be compensated.

Automatic on-board calibration

All of the channels are calibrated in factory before the board is shipped. To compensate for different variations like PC power supply, temperature and aging, the software driver provides routines for an automatic onboard offset and gain calibration of all input ranges. All the cards contain a high precision on-board calibration reference

Ring buffer mode



The ring buffer mode is the standard mode of all oscilloscope instruments. Digitized data is continuously written into a ring memory until a

trigger event is detected. After the trigger, post-trigger samples are recorded and pre-trigger samples can also be stored. The number of pre-trigger samples available simply equals the total ring memory size minus the number of post trigger samples.

FIFO mode

The FIFO or streaming mode is designed for continuous data transfer between the digitizer card and the PC memory. When mounted in a PCI Express x16 Gen 3 interface read streaming speeds of up to 12.8 GByte/s are possible. The maximum speed has been measured using a state-of-the-art motherboard with a PCIe payload size of 512. The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on interrupt request basis. The complete installed on-board memory is used to buffer the data, making the continuous streaming process extremely reliable.

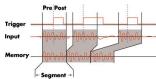
Channel trigger

The digitizers offer a wide variety of trigger modes. These include a standard triggering mode based on a signals level and slope, like that found in most oscilloscopes. It is also possible to define a window mode, with two trigger levels, that enables triggering when signals enter or exit the window. Each input has its own trigger circuit which can be used to setup conditional triggers based on logical AND/OR patterns. All trigger modes can be combined with a re-arming mode for accurate trigger recognition even on noisy signals.

External trigger input

All boards can be triggered using an external analog or digital signal. The external trigger input has one comparator that can be used for standard edge and level triggers.

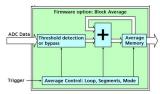
Multiple Recording



The Multiple Recording mode allows the recording of several trigger events with an extremely short re-arming time. The hardware doesn't need to be restarted in be-

tween. The on-board memory is divided in several segments of the same size. Each of them is filled with data if a trigger event occurs. Pre- and posttrigger of the segments can be programmed. The number of acquired segments is only limited by the used memory and is unlimited when using FIFO mode.

Firmware Option Block Average

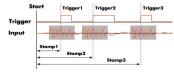


The Block Average Module improves the fidelity of noisy repetitive signals. Multiple repetitive acquisitions with very small dead-time are accumulated and averaged.

Random noise is reduced by the averaging process improving the visibility of the repetitive signal. Additionally, synchronous noise can be reduced with a sample selection based on threshold detection prior to accumulation, for applications such as time of flight mass spectrometry (TOFMS).

The complete averaging process is done inside the FPGA of the digitizer generating no CPU load at all. The amount of data is greatly decreased as well as the needed transfer bandwidth is heavily reduced.

Timestamp



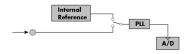
The timestamp function writes the time positions of the trigger events in an extra memory. The timestamps are relative to the start of recording, a defined zero time, ex-

ternally synchronized to a radio clock, an IRIG-B a GPS receiver. Using the external synchronization gives a precise time relation for acquisitions of systems on different locations.

External clock input and output

Using a dedicated connector a sampling clock can be fed in from an external system. Additionally it's also possible to output the internally used sampling clock on a separate connector to synchronize external equipment to this clock.

Reference clock



The option to use a precise external reference clock (normally 10 MHz) is necessary to synchronize the instrument for high-quality

measurements with external equipment (like a signal source). It's also possible to enhance the quality of the sampling clock in this way. The driver automatically generates the requested sampling clock from the fed in reference clock.

External Amplifiers



For the acquisition of extremely small voltage levels with a high bandwidth a series of external amplifiers is available. Each of the one channel amplifiers is working with a fixed input impedance and allows depending on the bandwidth to select different amplification levels between x10 (20 dB) up to x1000 (60 dB). Us-

ing the external amplifiers of the SPA series voltage levels in the uV and mV area can be acquired.

Technical Data



Only figures that are given with a maximum reading or with a tolerance reading are guaranteed specifications. All other figures are typical characteristics that are given for information purposes only. Figures are valid for products stored for at least 2 hours inside the specified operating temperature range, after a 30 minute warm-up, after running an on-board calibration and with proper cooled products. All figures have been measured in lab environment with an environmental temperature between 20°C and 25°C and an altitude of less than 100 m.

Analog Inputs

Resolution 12 bit

±200 mV, ±500 mV, ±1 V, ±2.5 V Input Range software programmable

Input Type Single-ended

Input Offset (single-ended) software programmable programmable to ±100% of input range in steps of 1%

ADC Differential non linearity (DNL) ADC only +0.3 LSB ±2.5 LSR ADC Integral non linearity (INL) ADC only Offset error (full speed), DC signal after warm-up and calibration < 0.5% of range Gain error (full speed), DC signal after warm-up and calibration < 0.5% of reading Offset temperature drift

after warm-up and calibration TBD Gain temperature drift after warm-up and calibration TBD < -110 dB Crosstalk: Signal 10 MHz, 50 Ω any range, any channel Crosstalk: Signal 100 MHz, 50 Ω any range, any channel < -103 dB Analog Input impedance fixed 50 O DC Analog input coupling fixed

input range ±200 mV 1.4 Vrms (16 dBm), max ±2.0 V peak input voltage Over voltage protection Over voltage protection input range $>= \pm 500 \text{ mV}$ 5 Vrms (27 dBm), max ±7.5 V peak input voltage Anti-Aliasing Filter (standard) fixed at specified bandwidth (see table below)

Channel selection (single-ended inputs) software programmable 1 or 2 channels (maximum is model dependent)

Self-calibration is done on software command and corrects against the on-board references. Self-Calibration Internal

calibration should be issued after warm-up time

External calibration calibrates the on-board references used in self-calibration. All calibration Calibration External

12 bit

constants are stored in non-volatile memory. A yearly external calibration is recommended.

	Input Range	M5i.3350-x16 M5i.3357-x16	M5i.3330-x16 M5i.3337-x16	M5i.3321-x16
lower bandwidth limit	all ranges	0 Hz (DC)	0 Hz (DC)	0 Hz (DC)
-3 dB bandwidth (minimum)	all ranges	3.0 GHz	2.0 GHz	1.0 GHz
-3 dB bandwidth (typical)	all ranges	3.1 GHz	2.2 GHz	1.1 GHz
Flatness within ±0.5 dB	all ranges	1.8 GHz	1.1 GHz	0.8 GHz

<u>Trigger</u>

and the control of	6	0 17, 5, 10,6	
Available trigger modes	software programmable	Channel Trigger, External, Software	. Window, Re-Arm, Or/And, Delay

Channel trigger level resolution

Rising edge, falling edge or both edges software programmable Triager edge 0 up to (256 GS - 32) in steps of 32 Trigger delay software programmable Trigger holdoff (for Multi) software programmable 0 up to (256 GS - 32) in steps of 32 352 samples (+ programmed pretrigger) 176 samples (+ programmed pretrigger) 1 channel mode 2 channel mode Multi re-arming time Pretrigger at Multi, FIFO software programmable 32 up to (32 kSamples / channels) in steps of 32

Posttrigger at Standard Single software programmable 32 up to (256 GS - 32) in steps of 32 Memory depth software programmable $64~\mbox{up}$ to (Installed memory / channels) in steps of 32Multiple Recording segment size software programmable 64 up to (Installed memory / channels) in steps of 32

Internal/External trigger accuracy

Timestamp modes software programmable Standard, Startreset, external reference clock (e.g. PPS from GPS, IRIG-B)

Data format 64 bit counter, increments with sample clock (reset manually or on start) Std., Startreset: 24 bit upper counter (increment with RefClock)

40 bit lower counter (increments with sample clock, reset with RefClock)

Extra data none, acquisition of X0/X1/X2/X3 inputs at trigger time, trigger source (for OR trigger) software programmable

Size per stamp 128 bit = 16 bytes

X0, X1, X2, X3 External trigger Ext External trigger type single level comparator 3.3V LVTTL logic inputs External trigger impedance For electrical specifications refer to "Multi Purpose I/O lines" section. software programmable 50 Ω or 3k Ω

External trigger input level ±5 V ±20 V 7 Vrms External trigger over voltage protection 50 Ω termination $3k\ \Omega$ termination

External trigger sensitivity (minimum required signal swing) 200 mVpp software programmable ±5 V with a stepsize of 10 mV External triager level

DC to 2 GHz External trigger bandwidth 50 Ω

DC to 125 MHz DC to 750 MHz $3 k\Omega$ n.a. DC to 125 MHz n.a. 10 kΩ ≥ 2 samples $\geq 2 \text{ samples}$

Minimum external trigger pulse width [Current Samplerate]/2 [Current Samplerate]/2 Resulting max detectable trigger frequency

Multi Purpose I/O lines (front-plate)

Number of multi purpose lines four, named X0, X1, X2, X3

Input: available signal types Logic Trigger, Asynchronous Digital-In, Synchronous Digital-In, Timestamp Reference Clock software programmable

Input: impedance software programmable 10 $k\Omega$ to 3.3 V or 50 Ω to GND

Input: maximum voltage level -0.5 V to +4.0 V

Input: signal levels 3.3 V LVTTL (Low \leq 0.8 V, High \geq 2.0 V) 125 MHz

Input: bandwith

Output: available signal types Asynchronous Digital-Out, Trigger Output, Run, Arm, System Clock software programmable Output: impedance 50 O

3.3 V LVTTL Output: signal levels

 $3.3\,\mbox{V}$ LVTTL, TTL compatible for high impedance loads Output: type

Output: drive strength Capable of driving 50 Ω loads, maximum drive strength ±48 mA Output: internal update rate M5i.33xx

Current sampling clock \leq 3.2 GS/s : 1/4 of sampling clock Current sampling clock > 3.2 GS/s and \leq 6.4 GS/s : 1/8 of sampling clock

Output: min high/low time 4 ns Output: max signal frequency 125 MHz

Clock

Clock Modes software programmable internal PLL, external reference clock

Internal clock accuracy ≤±1 ppm

Clock setup range base frequency or divided base frequency

M5i.3321 M5i.3330/M5i.3337 M5i.3350/M5i.3357 Clock setup base frequencies 3.2 GS/s 6.4 GS/s 10.0 GS/s

Clock setup divider power of 2: 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, ..., 524288, 1048576

M5i.3330/M5i.3337 6.4 GS/s, 3.2 GS/s, 1.6 GS/s, 800 MS/s, ..., 6.1 kS/s Clock setup examples

External reference clock range software programmable ≥ 2 MHz and ≤ 750 MHz in steps of 2 MHz

External reference clock input impedance External reference clock input coupling AC coupling External reference clock input edge Rising edge

External reference clock input type Single-ended, sine wave or square wave

External reference clock input swing 200 mVpp max

External reference clock input max DC voltage $\pm 10~V$ (with max 3.0 V difference between low and high level)

External reference clock input duty cycle requirement 45% to 55%

Clock setup granularity when using reference clock divider: maximum sampling rate divided by: TBD Internal reference clock output type Single-ended, AC-coupled, LVPECL, 720 mVpp (typ)

Internal reference clock output frequency sampling rate/64 (example 3.2 GS/s sampling rate, clock output = 50 MHz)

Channel to channel skew on one card < TBD ps (typical)

Block Average Signal Processing Option M5i.33xx

Averaging/Accumulation Modes Software programmable Standard or threshold defined averaging (TDA) for

positive or negative pulses Minimum Waveform Length 64 samples

Minimum Waveform Stepsize 32 samples 1 channel active Maximum Waveform Length 1 MSamples 512 kSamples Maximum Waveform Length 2 channels active

Minimum Number of Averages Maximum Number of Averages 1024 (1k)

fixed Data Output Format 32 bit signed integer

1 channel mode Re-Arming Time between waveforms 352 samples (+ programmed pretrigger) 2 channel mode 176 samples (+ programmed pretrigger) Two times the programmed segment length's (L)

Re-Arming Time between end of average to start of

acquisition time: t = 2 * SegmentLen * ActiveChannels / Samplerate

Connectors

Analog Inputs (one for each single-ended input) SMA female Cable-Type: Cab-3mA-xx-xx Trigger Input SMA female Cable-Type: Cab-3mA-xx-xx Clock Input SMA female Cable-Type: Cab-3mA-xx-xx Clock Output SMA female Cable-Type: Cab-3mA-xx-xx Multi Purpose I/O SMA female Cable-Type: Cab-3mA-xx-xx Power Connector PCle 6-pin power +12V+GND Must be supplied by PC power supply

Connection Cycles

All connectors have an expected lifetime as specified below. Please avoid to exceed the specified connection cycles or use connector savers.

SMA connector 500 connection cycles PCle connector 50 connection cycles PCIe power connector 30 connection cycles

Environmental and Physical Details

 $L \times H \times W$: 241 mm x 107 mm x 40 mm (double slot width) Dimension (Single Card including rear fans)

Weight 780 g maximum

Warm up time 30 minutes (running acquisition at full speed)

0°C to 50°C Operating temperature Storage temperature -10°C to 70°C Humidity 10% to 90%

Dimension of packing 1 card 470 mm x 250 mm x 130 cm

Volume weight of packing 1 card 4 kg

PCI Express specific details

PCle connector type x16 Generation 3

PCIe slot compatibility (physical) x16

PCIe slot compatibility (electrical) x1, x2, x4, x8, x16 with Generation 1, Generation 2, Generation 3, Generation 4 > 12.8 GB/s (measured on PCle x16 Gen3 with a chipset supporting a 512 bytes TLP) > 11.2 GB/s (measured on PCle x16 Gen3 with a chipset supporting a 256 bytes TLP) Sustained streaming mode (Card-to-System):

PCle max card controller TLP 512 (lower values will limit maximum streaming speed)

Certification, Compliance, Warranty

According to EN ISO/IEC 17050-1:2010

EMC Compliance

Compliant with CE Mark
Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU (EMC)
Applied Standards:
EN 55032: 2016 (CISPR 32)
EN 61000-4-2: 2009 (IEC 61000-4-2)
EN 61000-4-3: 2011 (IEC 61000-4-3)
Compliant with CE Mark
Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (IVD)
Applied Standards:
IEC 61010-1: 2010 / EN 61010-1: 2010

PMS Directive 2015 (864) EC

RoHS Directive 2015/863/EC

RoHS Directive 2011/65/EC (RoHS II) RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) REACH directive 2006/1907/EC 5 years starting with the day of delivery

Software and firmware updates Life-time, free of charge

Power Consumption

Safety Compliance

RoHS Compliance

REACH Compliance

Product warranty

	Bus Con	Bus Connector		ector*
	3.3V	12 V	12 V	Total
M5i.3357-x16	0.3 A	n.a.	3.2 A	39 W
M5i.3350-x16	0.3 A	n.a.	3.0 A	37 W
M5i.3337-x16	0.3 A	n.a.	3.0 A	37 W
M5i.3330-x16	0.3 A	n.a.	2.8 A	35 W
M5i.3321-x16	0.3 A	n.a.	3.0 A	37 W

^{*}A separate power connection to the card is mandatory. The card cannot be powered solely by the PCIe bus connector

MTBF

MTBF TBD hours

Dynamic Parameters 10.0 GS/s models

		M5i.3350-x16 and M5i.3357-x16 - 12 Bit 10 G5/s										
Input Range			±200) mV			±500 mV					
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz
SNR (typ)	51.5 dB	52.0 dB	51.3 dB	51.0 dB	50.9 dB	50.8 dB	52.0 dB	52.0 dB	51.2 dB	52.3 dB	51.5 dB	51.3 dB
THD (typ)	-66.8 dB	-65.3 dB	-65.2 dB	-65.4 dB	-55.7 dB	-54.8 dB	-65.5 dB	-63.1 dB	-65.9 dB	-65.2 dB	-58.6 dB	-58.8 dB
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	56.0 dB	55.7 dB	54.6 dB	54.8 dB	55.6 dB	55.0 dB	55.7 dB	64.7 dB	54.3 dB	58.9 dB	59.6 dB	52.5 dB
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	56.0 dB	55.7 dB	54.6 dB	54.8 dB	55.6 dB	55.6 dB	55.7 dB	67.0 dB	54.3 dB	58.9 dB	59.6 dB	52.5 dB
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	51.3 dB	51.8 dB	51.2 dB	50.9 dB	49.6 dB	49.4 dB	51.8 dB	51.9 dB	51.1 dB	52.2 dB	50.7 dB	49.2 dB
ENOB (SINAD)	8.2 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.0 LSB	7.9 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.1 LSB	7.9 LSB
ENOB (SNR)	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.0 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB

		M5i.3350-x16 and M5i.3357-x16 - 12 Bit 10 GS/s										
Input Range	±1 V								±2.	5 V		
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz
SNR (typ)	51.7 dB	52.0 dB	51.7 dB	51.6 dB	51.2 dB	51.2 dB	52.0 dB	52.0 dB	51.2 dB	52.3 dB	51.5 dB	51.0 dB
THD (typ)	-66.4 dB	-66.5 dB	-66.5 dB	-64.7 dB	-58.5 dB	-60.5 dB	-65.5 dB	-63.1 dB	-65.9 dB	-65.2 dB	-58.6 dB	-64.4 dB
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	55.8 dB	63.6 dB	55.9 dB	54.9 dB	59.5 dB	57.7 dB	55.7 dB	64.7 dB	54.3 dB	58.9 dB	59.6 dB	60.4 dB
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	55.8 dB	63.7 dB	55.9 dB	54.9 dB	60.0 dB	57.7 dB	55.7 dB	67.0 dB	54.3 dB	58.9 dB	59.6 dB	60.4 dB
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	51.6 dB	51.9 dB	51.7 dB	51.5 dB	50.5 dB	51.2 dB	51.8 dB	51.9 dB	51.1 dB	52.2 dB	50.7 dB	50.9 dB
ENOB (SINAD)	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 dB	8.3 LSB	8.1 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.1 LSB	8.1 LSB
enob (SNR)	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 dB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.2 LSB	8.2 LSB

Dynamic Parameters 6.4 GS/s models

		M5i.3330-x16 and M5i.3337-x16 - 12 Bit 6.4 G5/s										
Input Range			±200) mV			±500 mV					
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz
SNR (typ)	53.1 dB	53.1 dB	53.0 dB	52.6 dB	51.9 dB	50.1 dB	53.8 dB	53.2 dB	53.4 dB	53.0 dB	52.4 dB	50.3 dB
THD (typ)	-63.8 dB	-63.8 dB	-62.0 dB	-62.3 dB	-56.9 dB	-56.7 dB	-61.6 dB	-62.1 dB	-61.6 dB	-61.6 dB	-59.8 dB	-59.8 dB
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	62.0 dB	61.6 dB	62.4 dB	62.5 dB	59.7 dB	57.2 dB	62.5 dB	64.2 dB	60.7 dB	62.2 dB	58.1 dB	60.0 dB
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	62.0 dB	61.6 dB	62.6 dB	62.6 dB	64.5 dB	58.7 dB	65.0 dB	66.3 dB	60.6 dB	65.1 dB	58.1 dB	60.1 dB
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	52.8 dB	52.6 dB	52.3 dB	52.5 dB	51.6 dB	49.6 dB	53.4 dB	53.6 dB	52.8 dB	53.0 dB	51.9 dB	50.0 dB
ENOB (SINAD)	8.5 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.0 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.0 LSB
ENOB (SNR)	8.5 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.0 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.0 LSB

		M5i.3330-x16 and M5i.3337-x16 - 12 Bit 6.4 G5/s										
Input Range			±l	٧			±2.5 V					
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	1.2 GHz
SNR (typ)	53.4 dB	53.6 dB	53.3 dB	53.4 dB	52.5 dB	50.3 dB	53.5 dB	52.9 dB	53.5 dB	53.4 dB	51.9 dB	52.3 dB
THD (typ)	-63.8 dB	-63.5 dB	-63.5 dB	-62.6 dB	-59.9 dB	-59,7 dB	-64.0 dB	-61.0 dB	-61.2 dB	-60.9 dB	-58.9 dB	-59.5 dB
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	62.0 dB	63.3 dB	65.1 dB	58.1 dB	60.4 dB	53.0 dB	62.2 dB	60.9 dB	63.6 dB	62.2 dB	58.7 dB	58.8 dB
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	62.0 dB	63.4 dB	66.3 dB	58.1 dB	60.8 dB	53.0 dB	62.2 dB	53.9 dB	63.5 dB	63.0 dB	59.4 dB	58.9 dB
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	53.0 dB	53.2 dB	53.1 dB	52.6 dB	51.8 dB	49.6 dB	53.1 dB	52.9 dB	53.1 dB	52.9 dB	51.6 dB	51.5 dB
ENOB (SINAD)	8.5 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.4 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.0 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.3 LSB
ENOB (SNR)	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.1 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.3 LSB	8.4 LSB

Dynamic Parameters 3.2 GS/s models

					M5i.33	321-x16 -	12 Bit 3.2 (GS/s				
Input Range			±200	O mV			±500 mV					
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz		10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	
SNR (typ)	54.1 dB	54.4 dB	54.7 dB	54.5 dB	54.5 dB		54.8 dB	55.0 dB	54.8 dB	54.6 dB	54.9 dB	
THD (typ)	-64.3 dB	-63.4 dB	-62.3 dB	-61.1 dB	-59.5 dsB		-61.5 dB	-62.0 dB	-66.5 dB	-61.7 dB	-57.5 dB	
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	64.7 dB	65.4 dB	63.5 dB	61.9 dB	61.8 dB		72.9 dB	64.9 dB	65.6 dB	62.1 dB	60.3 dB	
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	65.1 dB	73.8 dB	71.6 dB	72.5 dB	69.7 dB		65.6 dB	72.8 dB	65.8 dB	69.1 dN	67.7 dB	
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	53.7 dB	53.9 dB	54.0 dB	53.6 dB	53.3 dB		54.0 dB	54.2 dB	54.6 dB	53.9 dB	52.9 dB	
ENOB (SINAD)	8.6 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.5 LSB	8.6 LSB		8.7 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.5 LSB	, and the second
enob (SNR)	8.7 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB		8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	

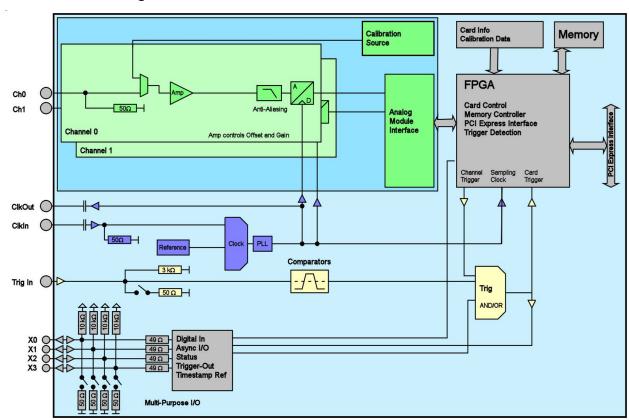
					M5i.3321	-x16 -	12 Bit 3.2	GS/s				
Input Range			±l	٧					±2.	5 V		
Test signal frequency	10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz		10 MHz	40 MHz	70 MHz	240 MHz	600 MHz	
SNR (typ)	55.3 dB	55.3 dB	54.8 dB	54.8 dB	54.9 dB		54.8 dB	55.3 dB	54.8 dB	54.8 dB	54.9 dB	
THD (typ)	-63.8 dB	-63.8 dB	-59.5 dB	-62.5 dB	-57.8 dB		-63.4 dB	-63.8 dB	-59.5 dB	-62.5 dB	-57.8 dB	
SFDR (typ), incl. harm.	64.5 dB	66.3 dB	60.7 dB	63.5 dB	60.4 dB		62.5 dB	66.3 dB	60.7 dB	63.5 dB	60.4 dB	
SFDR (typ), excl. harm.	65.3 dB	73.2 dB	67.4 dB	71.0 dB	68.9 dB		62.7 dB	73.2 dB	67.4 dB	71.0 dB	68.9 dB	
SINAD/THD+N (typ)	54.2 dB	54.8 dB	53.6 dB	54.1 dB	53.1 dB		54.2 dB	54.8 dB	53.6 dB	54.1 dB	53.1 dB	
ENOB (SINAD)	8.7 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.5 LSB		8.7 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.6 LSB	8.7 LSB	8.5 LSB	
ENOB (SNR)	8.9 LSB	8.9 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB		8.8 LSB	8.9 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	8.8 LSB	

Dynamic parameters are measured at ± 1 V input range (if no other range is stated) and 50Ω termination with the samplerate specified in the table. Measured parameters are averaged 20 times to get typical values. Test signal is a pure sine wave generated by a signal generator and a matching bandpass filter. Amplitude is >99% of FSR. SNR and RMS noise parameters may differ depending on the quality of the used PC. SNR = Signal to Noise Ratio, THD = Total Harmonic Distortion, SFDR = Spurious Free Dynamic Range, SINAD = Signal Noise and Distortion, ENOB = Effective Number of Bits.

RMS Noise Level (Zero Noise)

	[]	M5i.3350-x16 and M5i.335	57-x16 - 12 Bit 10 GS/s (Ch	annel 0)
Input Range	±200 mV	±500 mV	±1	±2.5 V
Voltage resolution (1 LSB)	97 uV	244 uV	488 uV	1.22 mV
DC, fixed 50 Ω , typical	3.9 LSB 381 uV	3.8 LSB 928 uV	4.3 LSB 2,1 mV	4.3 LSB 5.3 mV
	II	M5i.3350-x16 and N	A5i.3357-x16 - 12 Bit 5 GS/	's
Input Range	±200 mV	±500 mV	±1	±2.5 V
Voltage resolution (1 LSB)	97 uV	244 uV	488 uV	1.22 mV
DC, fixed 50 Ω , typical	4.0 LSB 391 uV	3.3 LSB 806 uV	3.6 LSB 1.8 mV	2.9 LSB 3.5 mV
Input Range Voltage resolution (1 LSB)	±200 mV	±500 mV 244 uV	±1 488 uV	±2.5 V
DC, fixed 50 Ω , typical	3.7 LSB 361 uV	3.0 LSB 732 uV	3.8 LSB 1.9 mV	3.5 LSB 4.3 mV
	II.	M5i.3330-x16 and M	5i.3337-x16 - 12 Bit 3.2 GS	i/s
Input Range	±200 mV	±500 mV	±1	±2.5 V
Voltage resolution (1 LSB)	97 uV	244 uV	488 uV	1.22 mV
DC, fixed 50 Ω, typical	3.0 LSB 293 uV	2.8 LSB 684 uV	3.0 LSB 1.5 mV	2.7 LSB 3.3 mV
		•	<u>.</u>	•
		M5i.3321-x	16 - 12 Bit 3.2 GS/s	
Input Range	±200 mV	±500 mV	±1	±2.5 V
Voltage resolution (1 LSB)	97 uV	244 uV	488 uV	1.22 mV
DC, fixed 50 Ω , typical	2.8 LSB 273 uV	2.3 LSB 562 uV	2.3 LSB 1.1 mV	2.9 LSB 3.5 mV

Hardware block diagram



Order Information

The card is delivered with 2 GSample on-board memory and supports standard acquisition (Scope), FIFO acquisition (streaming), Multiple Recording and Timestamps. Operating system drivers for Windows/Linux 32 bit and 64 bit, examples for C/C++, LabVIEW (Windows), MATLAB (Windows and Linux), IVI, .NET, Delphi, Java, Python, Julia and a Base license of the oscilloscope software SBench 6 are included.

Adapter cables are not included. Please order separately!

		_						
PCI Express x16	Order no.	Bandwidt	n Standard mer	m 1 channel	2 channels			
	M5i.3321-x16	1 GHz	2 GSamples	3.2 GS/s	3.2 GS/s			
	M5i.3330-x16	2 GHz	2 GSamples	6.4 GS/s				
	M5i.3337-x16	2 GHz	2 GSamples	6.4 GS/s	3.2 GS/s			
	M5i.3350-x16	3 GHz	2 GSamples	10.0 GS/s				
	M5i.3357-x16	3 GHz	2 GSamples	10.0 GS/s	5.0 GS/s			
<u>Options</u>	Order no.							
	M5i.xxxx-MEM8GS							
	M5i.3321-inptd	M5i.3321-x16 input stage optimized for time domain measurments with smooth step response.						
Firmware Options	Order no.	Option						
	M5i.xxxx-spavg	Signal Processing Firmware Option: Block Average with TDA (later firmware-upgrade available)						
<u>Services</u>	Order no.							
	Recal	Recalibration at Spectrum incl. calibration protocol						
Standard Cables			Order no.					
	for Connections	Length	to BNC male	to BNC female	to SMA male	to SMA female	to SMB female	
	Analog/Clk/Trig/XIO	80 cm	Cab-3mA-9m-80	Cab-3mA-9f-80	Cab-3mA-3mA-80		Cab-3f-3mA-80	
	Analog/Clk/Trig/XIO	200 cm	Cab-3 mA-9 m-200	Cab-3mA-9f-200	Cab-3mA-3mA-200		Cab-3f-3mA-200	
	Probes (short)	5 cm		Cab-3mA-9f-5				
	Information	The standard adapter cables are based on RG174 cables and have a nominal attenuation of 0.3 dB/m at 100 MHz and 0.5 dB/m at 250 MHz. For high speed signals we recommend the low loss cables series CHF						
Low Loss Cables	Order No.	Option						
	CHF-3mA-3mA-200	Low loss cables SMA male to SMA male 200 cm						
	CHF-3mA-9m-200 Low loss cables SMA male to BNC male 200 cm							
	Information	The low loss adapter cables are based on MF141 cables and have an attenuation of 0.3 dB/m at 500 MHz and 0.5 dB/m at 1.5 GHz. They are recommended for signal frequencies of 200 MHz and above.						
<u>Amplifiers</u>	Order no.	Bandwidt	n Connection	Input Imped	ance Coupling	Amplification		
	SPA.1841 (2)	2 GHz	SMA	50 Ohm	AC	×100 (40 dB)		
	SPA.1801 (2)	2 GHz	SMA	50 Ohm	AC	×10 (20 dB)		
	SPA.1601 (2)	500 MHz	BNC	50 Ohm	DC	x10 (20 dB)		
	Information		C is included. Please	anually adjustable offset, man- be sure to order an adapter card input.				
Software SBench6 Order no.								
	SBench6	Base version included in delivery. Supports standard mode for one card.						
	SBench6-Pro	Professional version for one card: FIFO mode, export/import, calculation functions						
	SBenchó-Multi Option multiple cards: Needs SBenchó-Pro. Handles multiple synchronized cards in one system.							
	Volume Licenses	Please asl	s.					
Software Options Order no.								
	SPc-RServer Remote Server Software Package - LAN remote access for M2i/M3i/M4i/M4x/M2p/M5i co						cards	
	SPc-SCAPP	Spectrum's CUDA Access for Parallel Processing - SDK for direct data transfer between Spectrum card and CUDA GPU. Includes RDMA activation and examples.						
		_						

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$: Just one of the options can be installed on a card at a time

Technical changes and printing errors possible

Sench, digitizerNETBOX, generatorNETBOX and hybridNETBOX are registered trademarks of Spectrum Instrumentation GmbH. Microsoft, Visual C++, Windows, Windows 98, Windows NT, W

^{(2):} Third party product with warranty differing from our export conditions. No volume rebate possible.